## Our History

#### 1965

**Established National** Dairy Herd Improvement Association. Started in six states, the primary purpose was to give dairy farmers participating in DHIA the opportunity to become partners in progress. Our founding leaders also wanted dairy producers to have a greater influence in determining policy and operating the DHIA System.

#### 1980

**DHIA Presidents emphatically** said National DHIA should spearhead rational development of onfarm computing systems. National DHIA established an On-**Farm Computer Committee to** develop policy for on-farm computers. "Many believe virtually all dairy farms will have on-farm computers by 1990.

#### 1987

National DHIA and the **Purebred Dairy Association** adopt a Memorandum of Understanding.

#### 1990

**DHIA Services made** direct purchase of milk meters. The overwhelming majority of US production records come from data collected through 36,000 DHIA-owned meters.

#### 1978

First National DHIA Presidents' Conference held in St. Louis, MO. The purpose of the two day seminar was to inform presidents of state DHIA's of the objective of National DHIA and to gain input and suggestions from state DHIA's about the direction and future goals for National DHIA.

#### 1980

National DHIA begin studying the potential development of OCS to assure the credibility and accuracy of records produced in the DHIA System.

#### 1988

**DHIA Services entered into** joint marketing venture with ProScience to develop the ProStaph I™ test for Staph. Aureus.

DHIA Services developed a used equipment roster for members. Also began development of offering a DHIA credit card. This card is designed to provide competitive benefits to a member while offsetting testing fees. (This did go into effect and had 5.4% of members carrying it. 50% of royalties went back to state DHIAs.

#### 1978

**Executive Secretary position** became full-time. National DHIA "lobbied" for research and extension funds in Washington and helped organize the Dairy Research Group and the Forum for Animal Agriculture. National DHIA office moved to Columbus, OH.

#### 1986

DHIA Services was established as a NDHIA subsidiary. Main objective is to provide products and services that support state DHIA's in boosting profitability to their members.

1990

Labor-Efficient Records

(LER) approved as a

new concept for operat-

ing dairy record keeping programs with the goal of reduced costs to members.

1990's

1980's

1981 Magazine for DHIA Dairymen debuts.

#### 1990

National DHIA conducted a series of regional laboratory conferences (CA, NY, IA, WI) to permit hands-on training and intensive round table discussions on operation issues. This type of support is a positive alternative to regulatory approaches to quality improvement. Plan in future years is to move toward measuring actual performance and not just quality training.

## 1970's



#### 1966

First National DHIA Annual Meeting held in Greensboro, NC.

#### 1986

**Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding (CDCB)** established.



#### 1990

Top\*Notch\*Trainer (T\*N\*T), a new training program, was rolled out. This program was to assist state and regional DHIA organizations with their needs assessments, build training skills of DHIA employees, and encourage on-going commitment from National **DHIA for the T\*N\*T** program.

#### 1995

**Tulare DHIA and** Lancaster DHIA become the first new DHIA Affiliates created in years.

#### 2003

The National DHIA Board of Directors' structure was changed to include **DHIA Managers as voting** members.

#### 2013

CDCB signs nonfunded cooperative agreement with ARS.

## 2015

### 1996

Removal of state lines results in competition between **DHIA Affiliates.** 

2010's

#### 2010

**QCS launches ELISA Proficiency Program for** Johne's testing of milk.

## 2000's

#### 1998

# 1999

**Quality Certifica**tion Services (OCS) formed as a **National DHIA** subsidiary.

### 2004

**National DHIA** office moved to Wisconsin.

#### 2008

National DHIA hosts the International Committee on Animal Recording (ICAR) biennial meeting in Niagara Falls.

American ID was implemented on January 1, 1998.

## 2006

**DHIA Services launches** www.EarTagCentral.com.

#### 2014

National DHIA Uniform Operating Procedures are revised and updated

### 1993

Uniform data transfer among DRPCs, requested by DHIA management and farmers for over a decade, becomes a reality due to the diligence of DRPC and National DHIA leadership.

1992

a certified member of National DHIA.

New Quality Certifica-1996 tion manual prepared **Record Standards** early in 1992 incorpoprogram used in gerated the input and netic evaluations. advice of DHIA general This helped bring managers and lab agreement to submit managers into the test day data to AIPL. program. This QC man-This was possible due ual and scorecard conto the research of Dr. tinues the trend of Todd Meinert censtronger requirements tered on the frequenand more stringent cv of collecting milk goals for the DHIA field weights and composervice and lab units to nent samples. meet to be considered

### 2000

January 1, 2000, the dairy records industry entered a new frontier. For the first time, the quality certification standards were being established by the Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding (CDCB) with input from the Field Service, Laboratory, and Processing Center Advisory Committees.

#### 2004

**National Animal Identification** System (NAIS) started.

National DHIA entered into an ID pilot project with the PA Department of Ag to RFID tag 50,000 dairy animals and entered them in PA HERDS, the state database. Working with DairyOne, Lancaster DHIA and DRMS, the project was completed in a timely manner demonstrating that DHIA can be an effective partner in capturing needed data for NAIS.